

r過程原子核の実験的研究に向けて

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Limited to: RIBF
r-process nucleosynthesis

c.f. low-energy RI beams

neutron rich matter
explosion related inputs

e.g. GT strength around ^{56}Ni
hydrogen (charged particle) burning

Fast RI beams
- RIPS

RIBF: Accelerator Complex in RIKEN Nishina Center

SHE (Z=110, 111, 112, **113**) - GARIS

~5 MeV/nucleon

RARF

CSM

RILAC

ECR

GARIS

DPOL

ECR

AVF

RIPS

RRC

RIBF Accel. Bldg.

RIBF Exp. Bldg.

pol. d beams

135 MeV/nucleon
for light nuclei (1986-)

RI beams (<5 AMeV) - CRIB

350 MeV/nucleon
up to U

1st beam in Dec. 200
U beam in Mar. 2007
RI beams with U-fiss

CNS

$v \sim 0.1c$

Sep08

朝日新聞
平成19年6月8日 (金)

理化学研、新RIBF完成

安定なパラジウム原子が15個も多い新しい放射性同位元素と、理化学研究所の次世代加速器「RIBF」の初運転成果。光速の70%までの重イオンビームの標的に衝突させたとき、中性子が壊れてほぼ狙い通りのRIBFが生まれたという。

new isotope (¹²⁵Pd)
June 2007

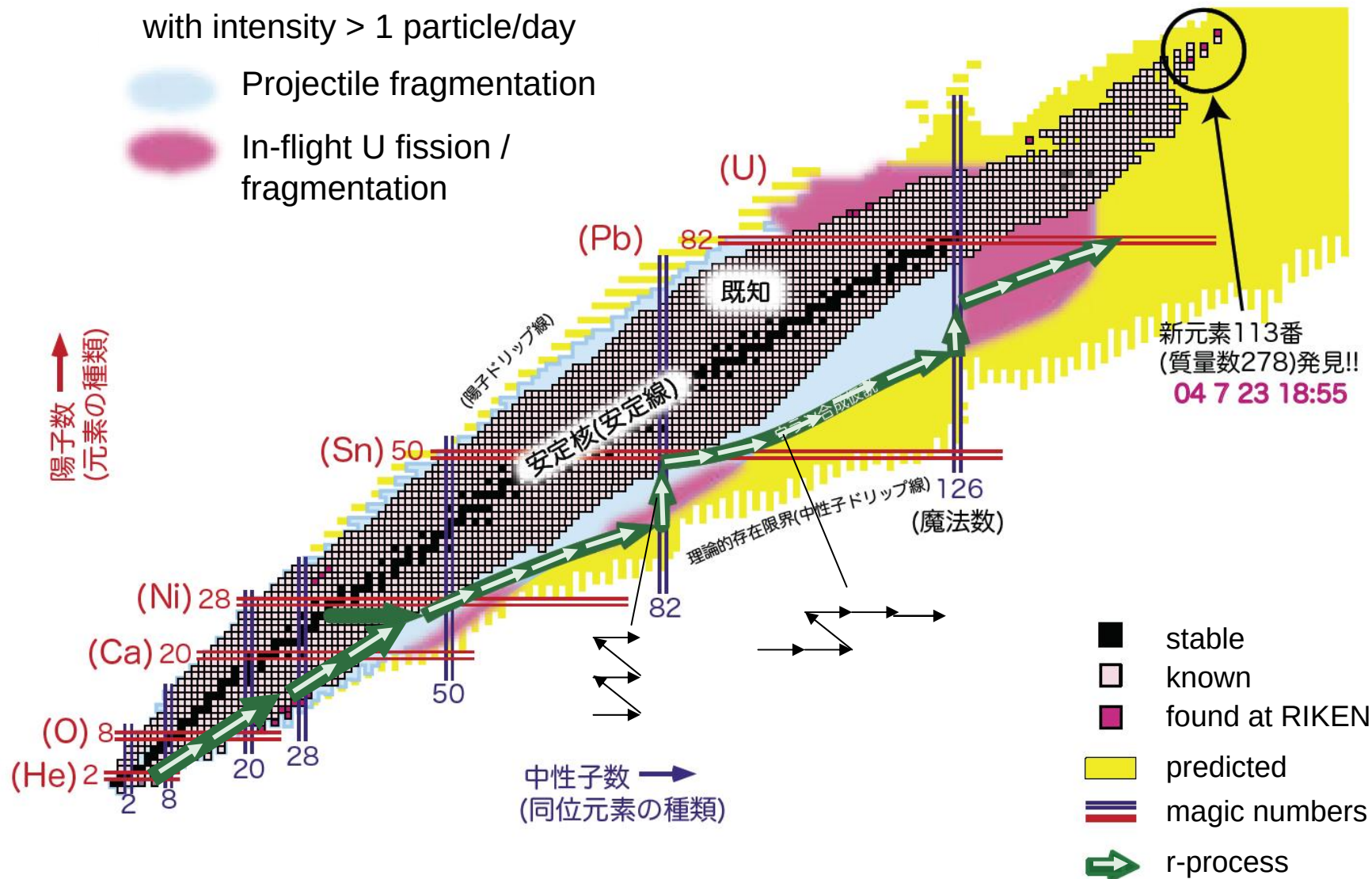
RIBF can go further (furthest) from the stability valley.

Produced at RIBF

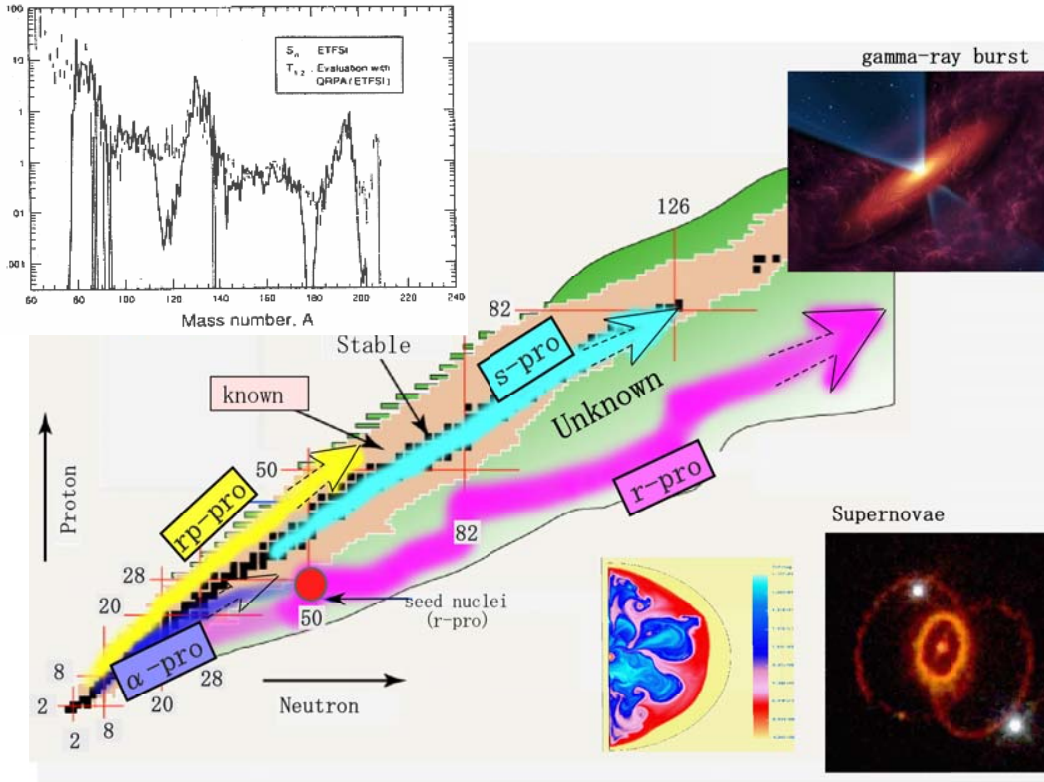
with intensity > 1 particle/day

Projectile fragmentation

In-flight U fission / fragmentation



Basic parameters for r-process



☆ **Half-lives** ($T_{1/2}$)
 → abundance
 → process speed

☆ **Cross sections**
 → location of the path
Masses (A, Q_β)
Resonances
Continuum

☆ **β -delayed neutron** (P_n)
 → final abundances

Thousands of nuclei
 along r-process

Sep08

Very low
 production yield



High precision
 measurements

Nisimura, RIKEN (modified)

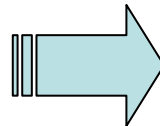
Theory

Experimental information

- Half lives $T_{1/2}$
- Level : e.g. $E(2^+)$
- n emission prob. (P_n)
- Mass $\leq$ direct, Q_β $\leftrightarrow$
- Cross sections

- GT strength

Systematic
Study

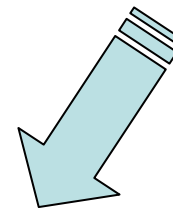
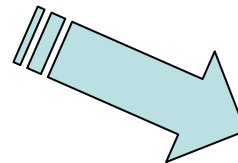


Nuclear structure

Shell quenching ?
Deformation ?
Fate of magic numbers
– Appearance / Disappearance

Feedback to Nuclear Theory

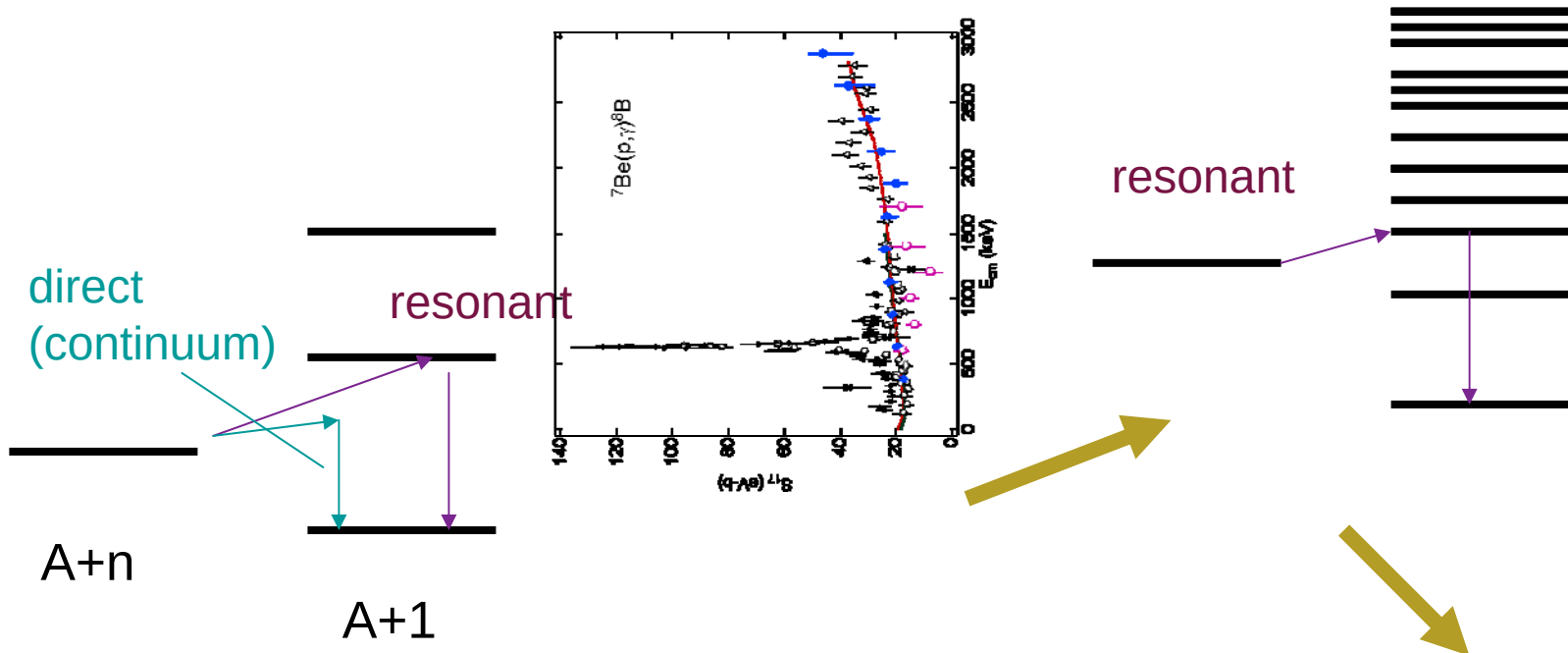
Inputs



Supernova
simulation

r-Process
network calculation

(n, γ) (or (p, γ)) of astrophysical interest



level density: low

light nuclei

closed shell

near the drip line

Direct measurement of σ

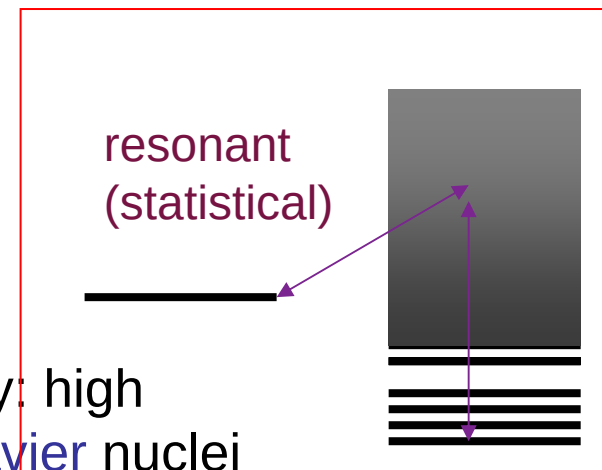
Indirect methods

Coulomb dissociation, ANC,....

mass

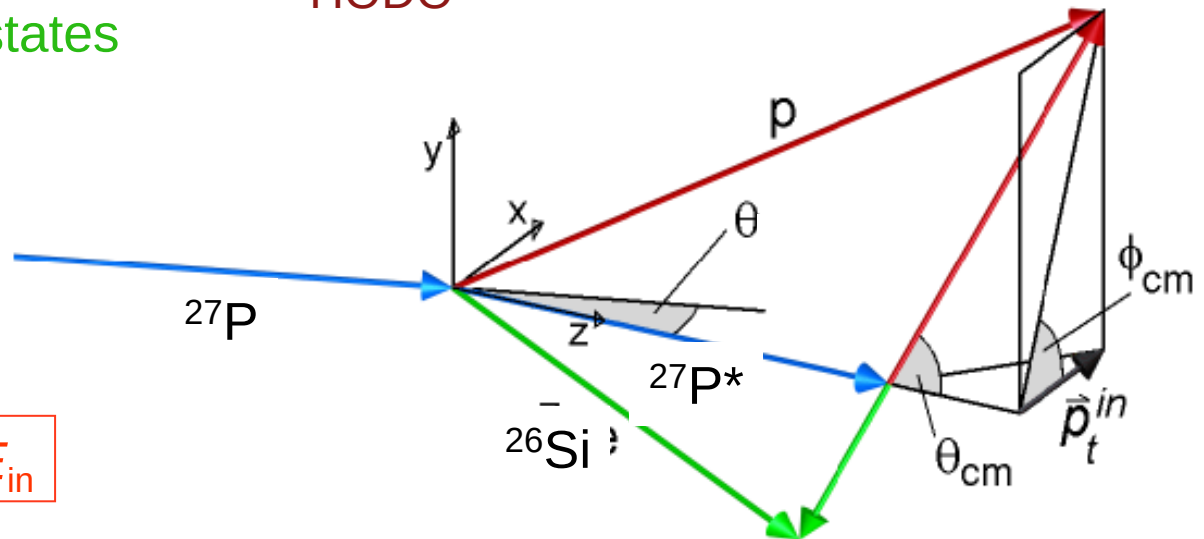
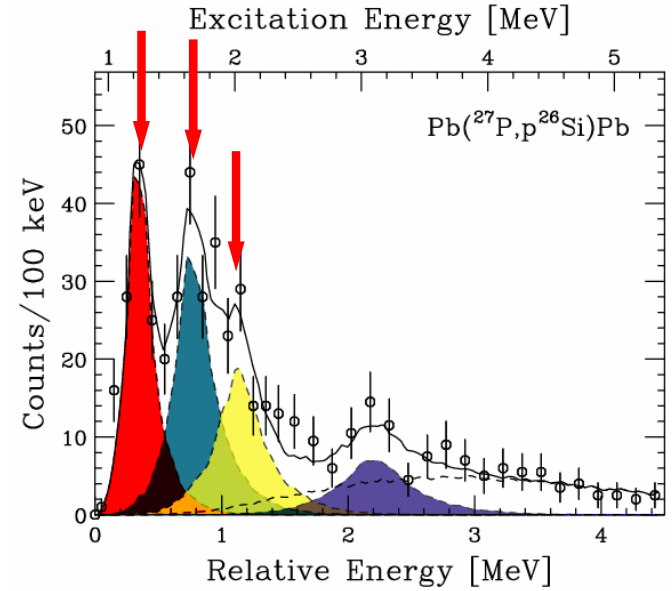
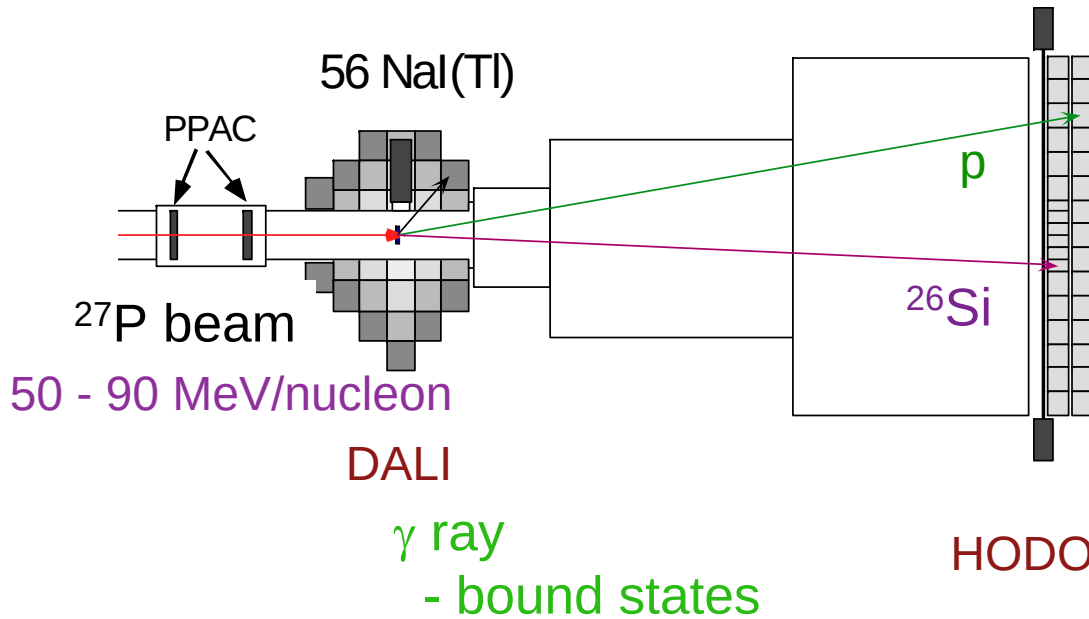
level density: high

heavier nuclei



Invariant mass measurement

- Coulomb dissociation for astrophysical (p,γ) reactions applicable to (n,γ)



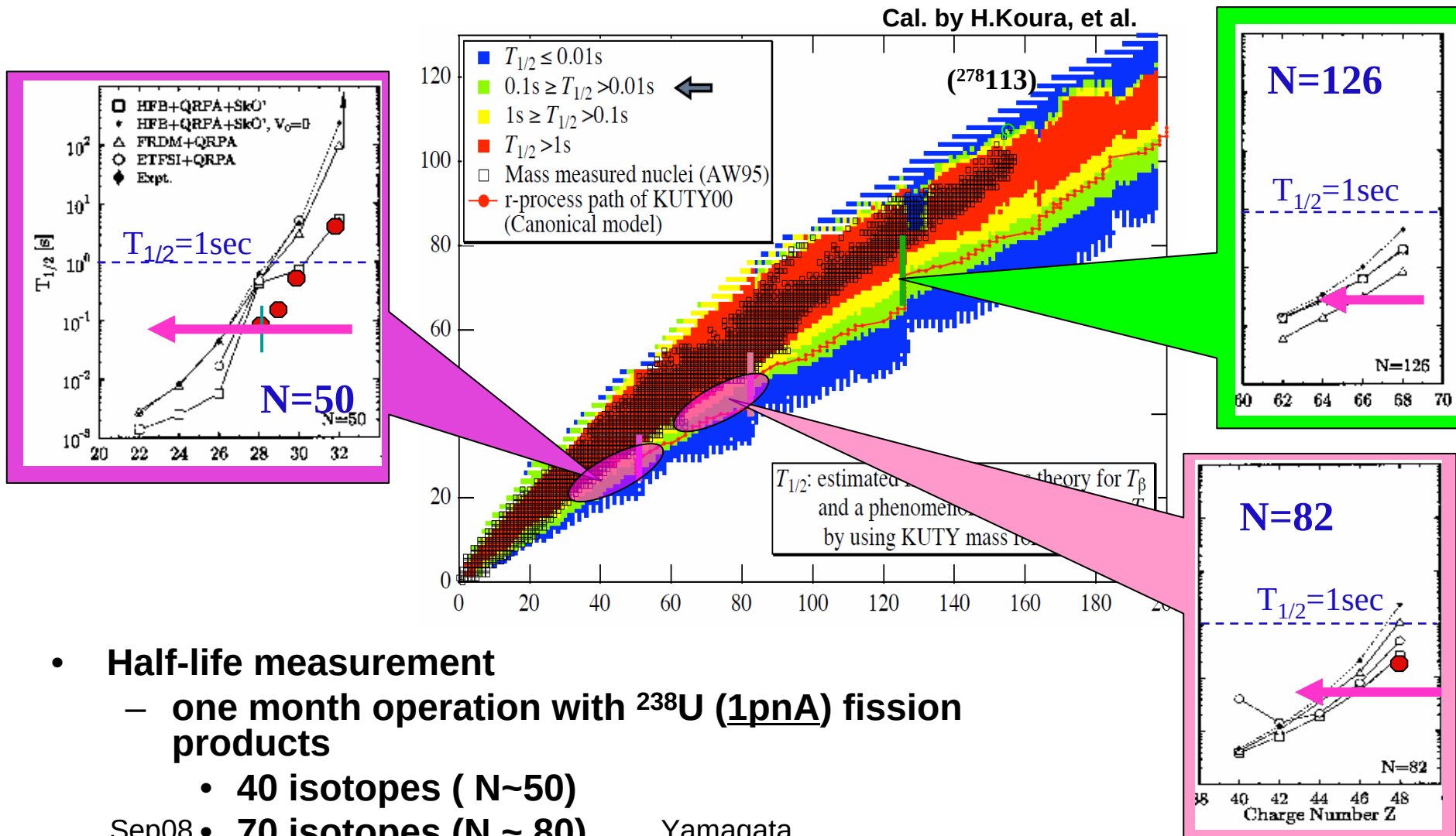
ΔE_{rel} : Independent of ΔE_{in}

@RIBF

first series of experiments

beam developments
new equipment

Half-life ($T_{1/2}$) measurements



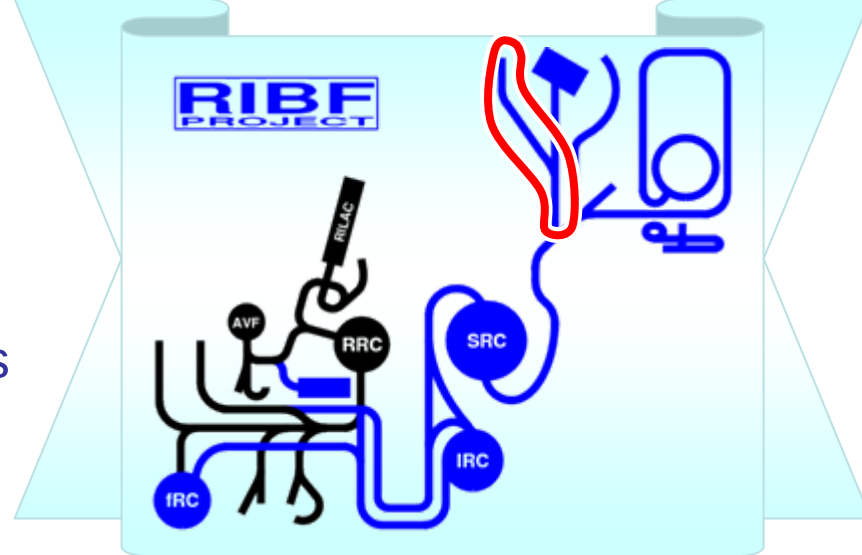
- Half-life measurement
 - one month operation with ^{238}U (1pnA) fission products
 - 40 isotopes ($N \sim 50$)
- Sep08 • 70 isotopes ($N \sim 80$)

Yamagata

Zero-degree spectrometer

particle ID / momentum analysis

e.g. Doppler shifted γ -ray measurements
with identification of products
(angle-integrated cross section)

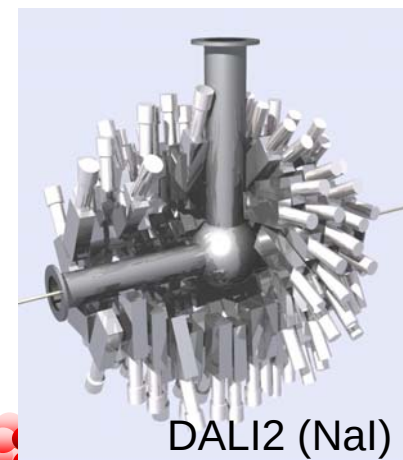


Multi-function
Medium Energy
 $\Delta p \sim 2000 - 4000$
 $\sim 3\%$

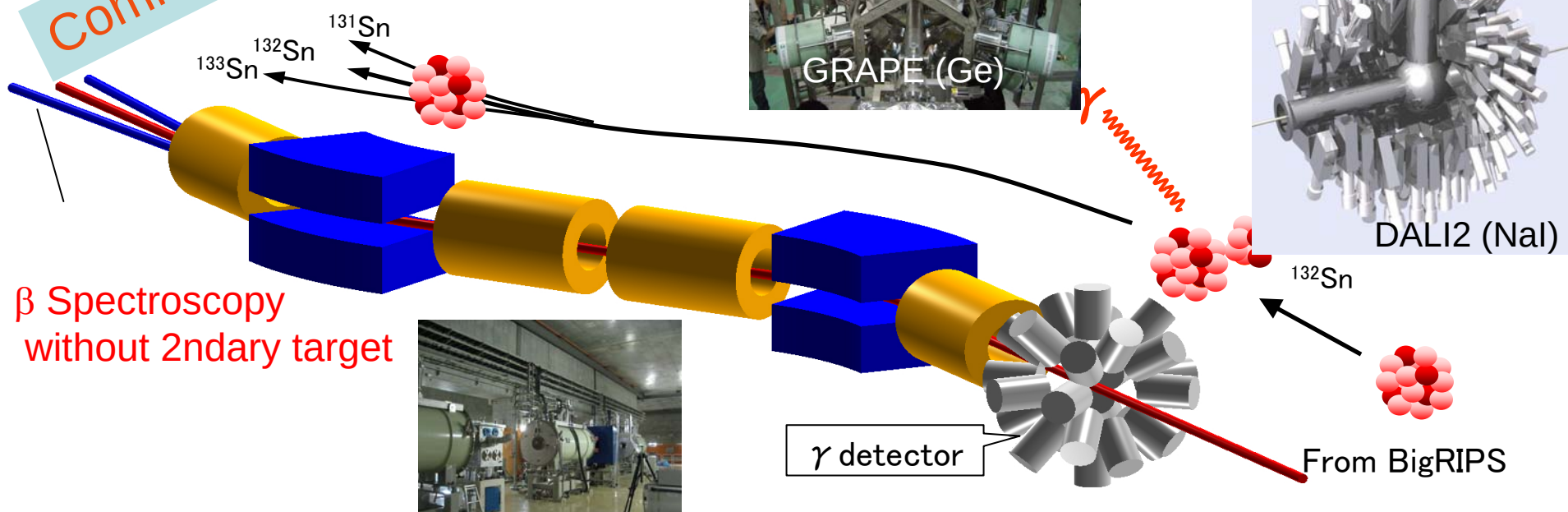
Commissioning in 2008



GRAPE (Ge)



DALI2 (NaI)



γ detector

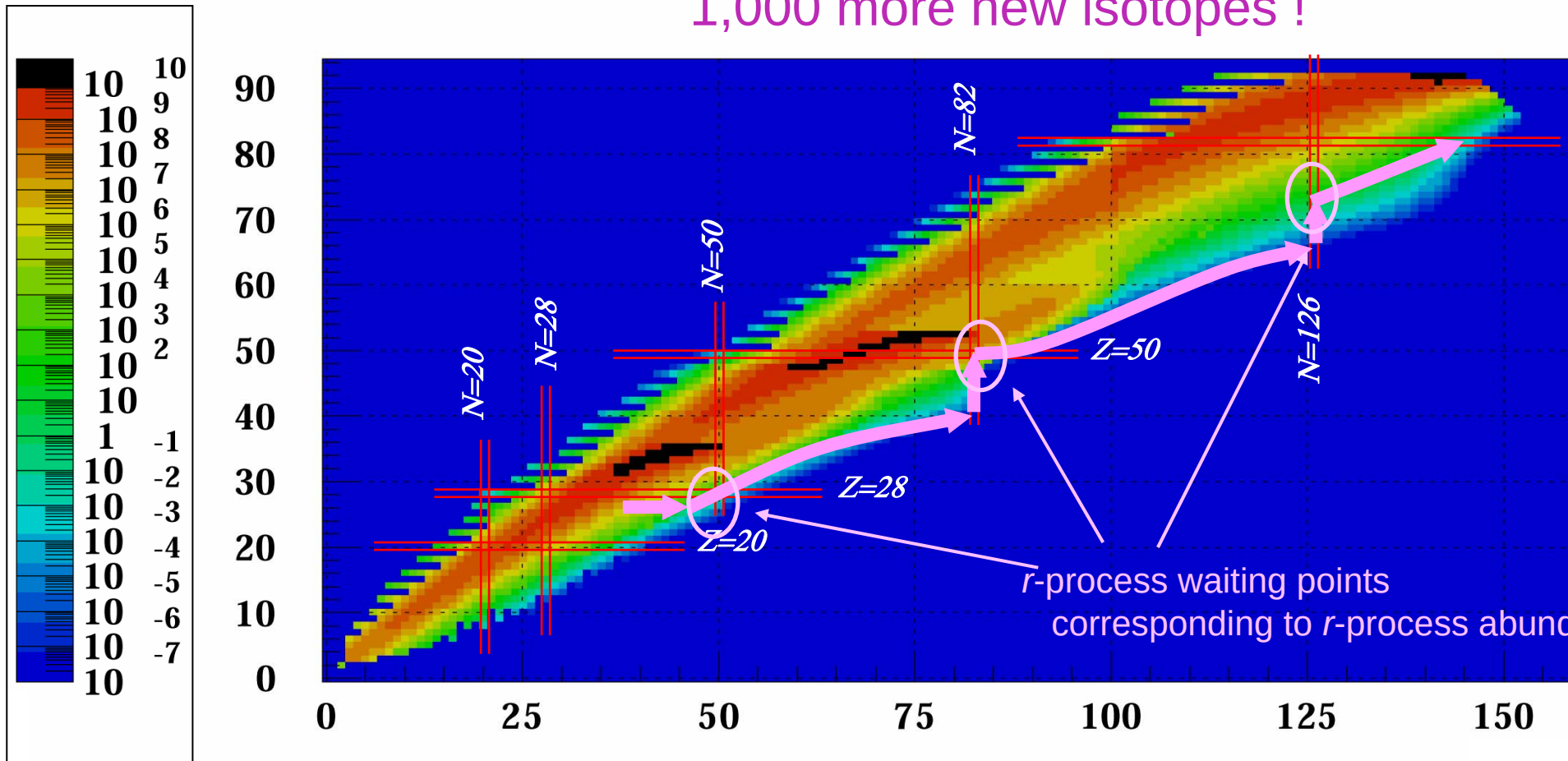
From BigRIPS

β Spectroscopy
without 2ndary target

Estimated beam intensity at BigRIPS

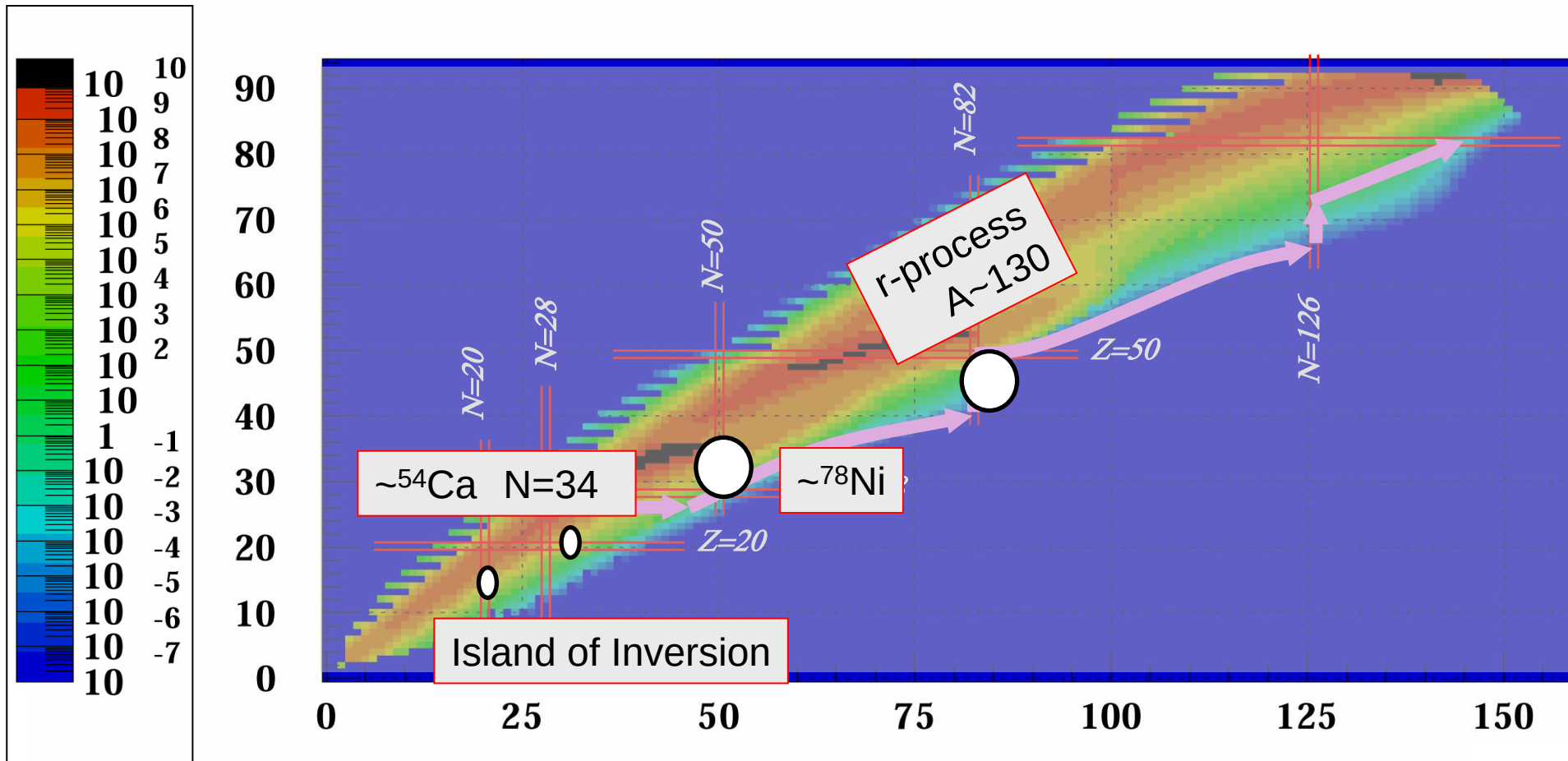
$^{86}\text{Kr}/^{136}\text{Xe}/^{238}\text{U}$ 1pμA

1,000 more new isotopes !



Estimated beam intensity at BigRIPS

$^{86}\text{Kr}/^{136}\text{Xe}/^{238}\text{U}$ 1pμA

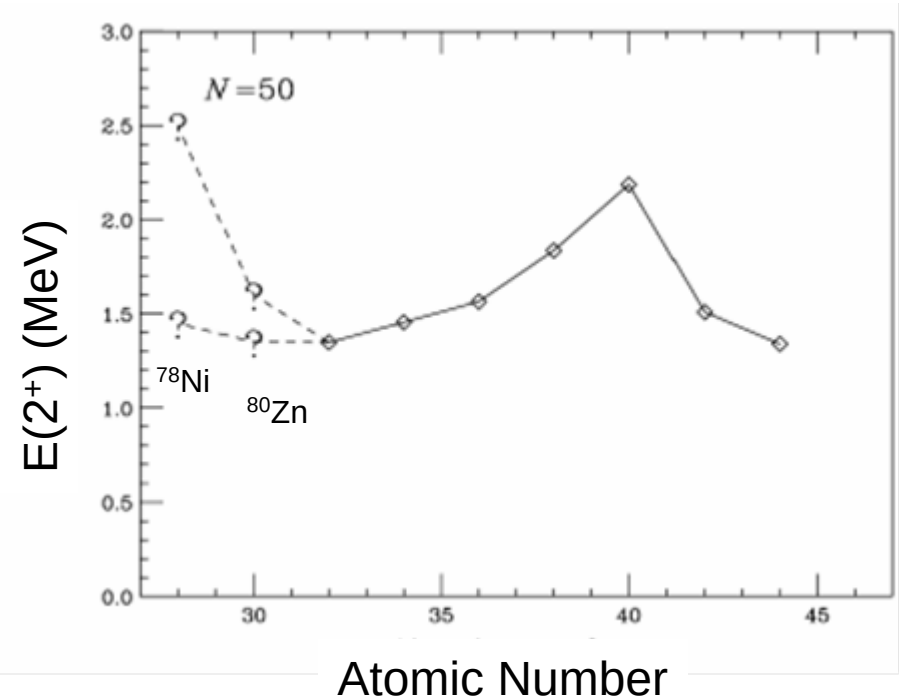
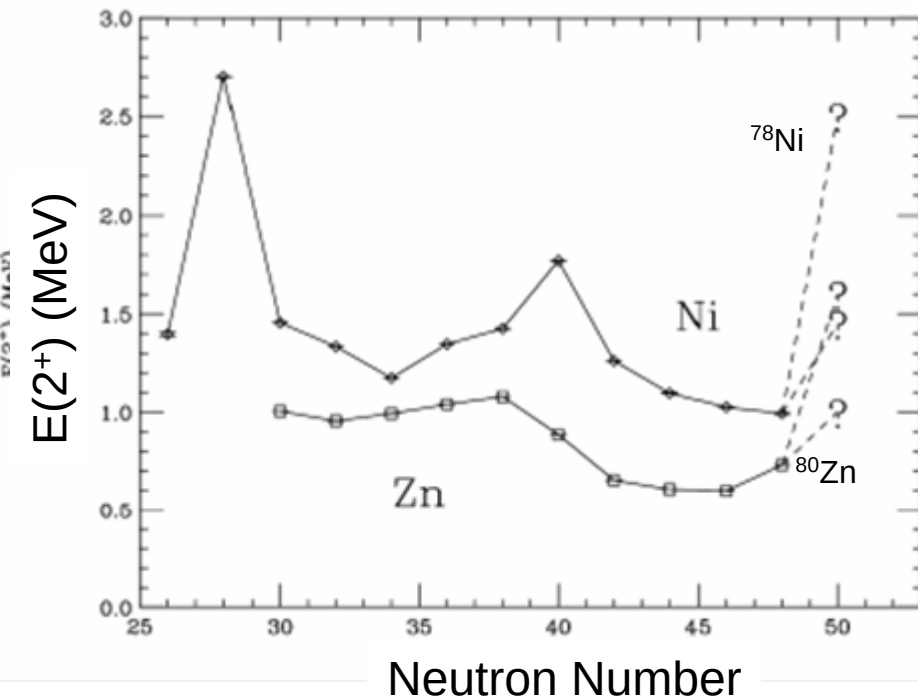


Energy of the first excited 2^+ state

1st 2^+ state energy of even-even nuclei

... first spectroscopic information to be measured

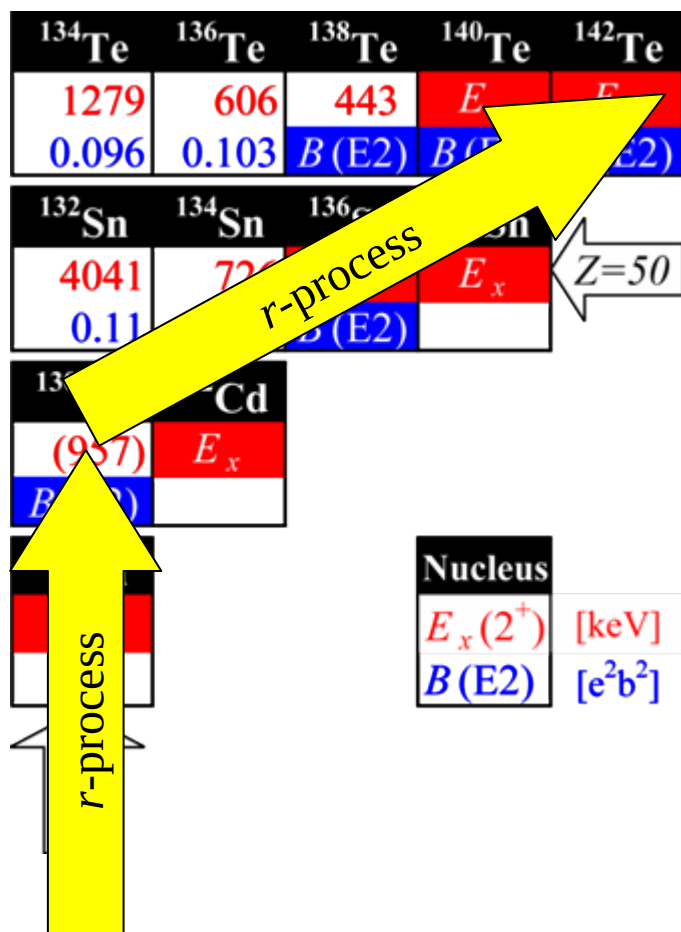
→ primary systematic trend of shell closure/melting



Determine 2^+ state energies of ^{80}Zn and ^{78}Ni

Yoneda, RIKEN

Structure study of neutron-rich nuclei beyond ^{132}Sn

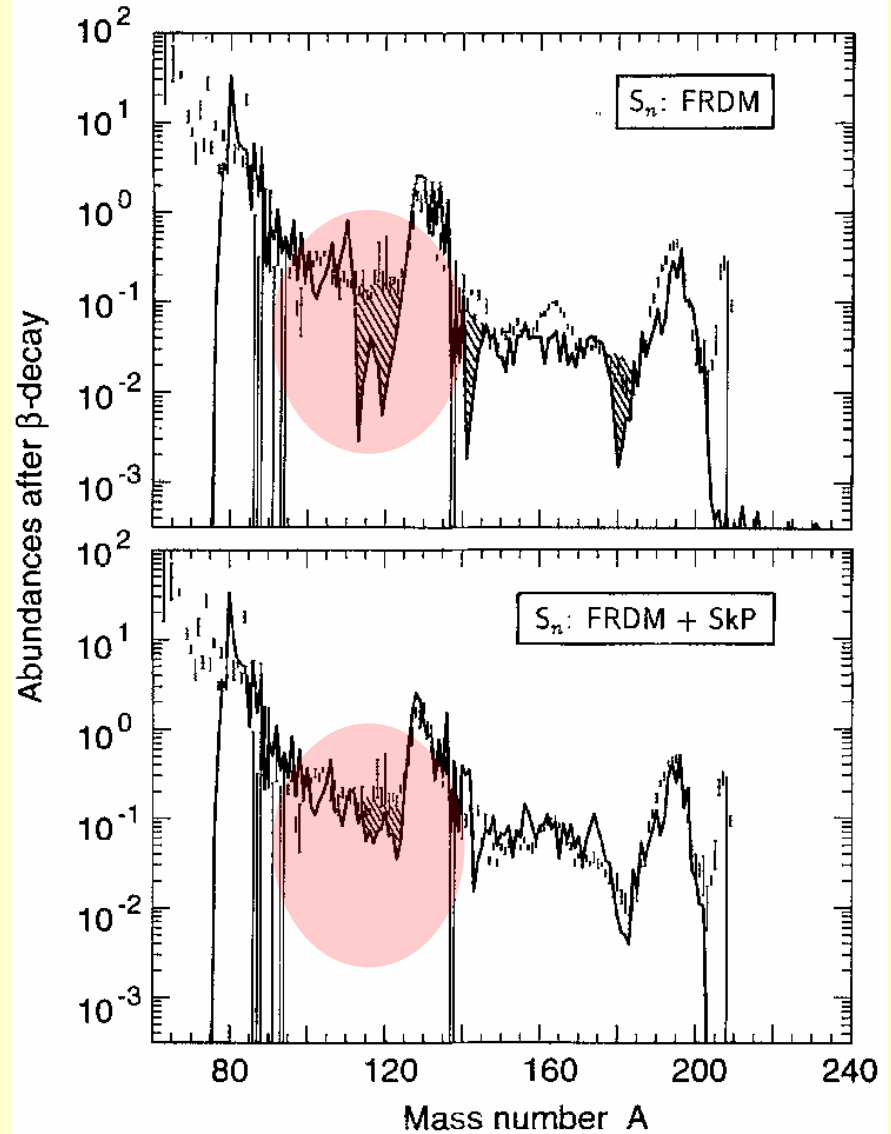
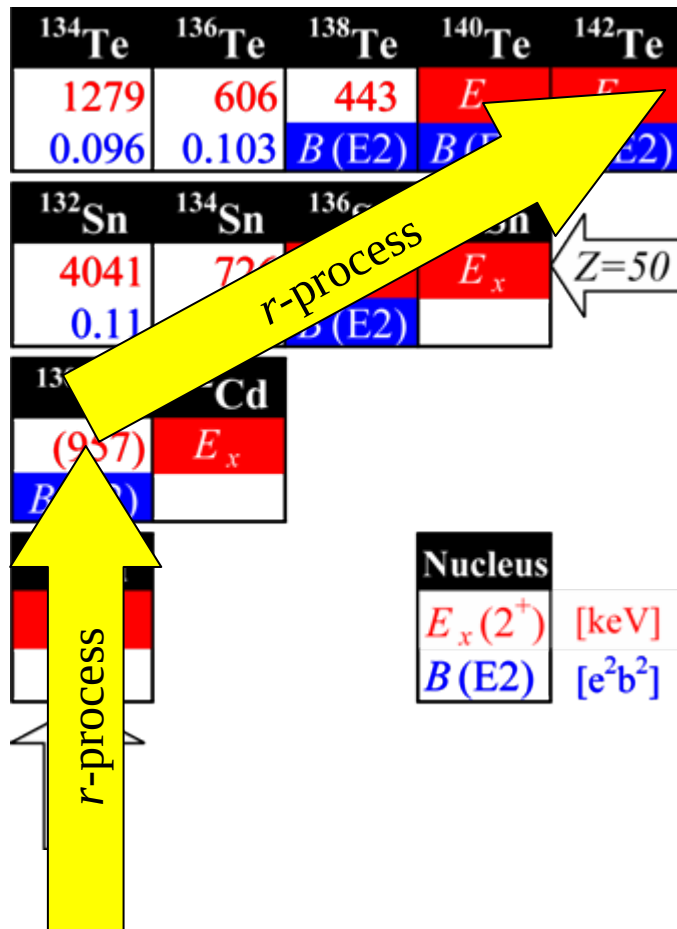


Physics Motivation

1. Comprehensive understanding of known exotic structure
--- Breaking of Grodzins' rule
More neutron rich nuclei?
2. Explore unknown exotic structure
--- Breaking of $N=82$ or $Z=50$ magicity?
* Strong Isospin dependent interaction?
T.Otsuka et al., PRL97(06)162501.
* Weak binding
J. Dobaczewski et al., PRC53(96)2809.
* Is-force, Neutron Skin

3. r-process

Structure study nuclei be



Waiting point approximation . Using KUTY
Private comm. with Dr. Y. Mochizuki.

B.Chen et al., PLB355(95)37.

@RIBF

first series of experiments

beam developments

new equipment

Summary of the present accelerator performance

$^{86}\text{Kr}^{34+}$

1.1 e μ A (30 pA)

Nov. 10th, 2007

345 MeV/u

$^{238}\text{U}^{86+}$

~ 5 enA (0.04 pA)

Jun. 29th, 2007

345 MeV/u

$\mathcal{E}_{\text{trans}} < 3\%$ ($\sim 50\%$ $\wedge$ 5 accelerators)

$\mathcal{E}_{\text{stripper (RRC-SRC)}} < 5\%$ ($15\% * 30\%$)

$I_{\text{RRC}} \sim 15$ pA

Tuning of Accelerators, BT
Flat-Top operation (phase acceptance)
Stripper,
New Injector, New IS *x100*

10 pA U

feasible in 2008

1 p μ A U

*need more investigation,
investment*

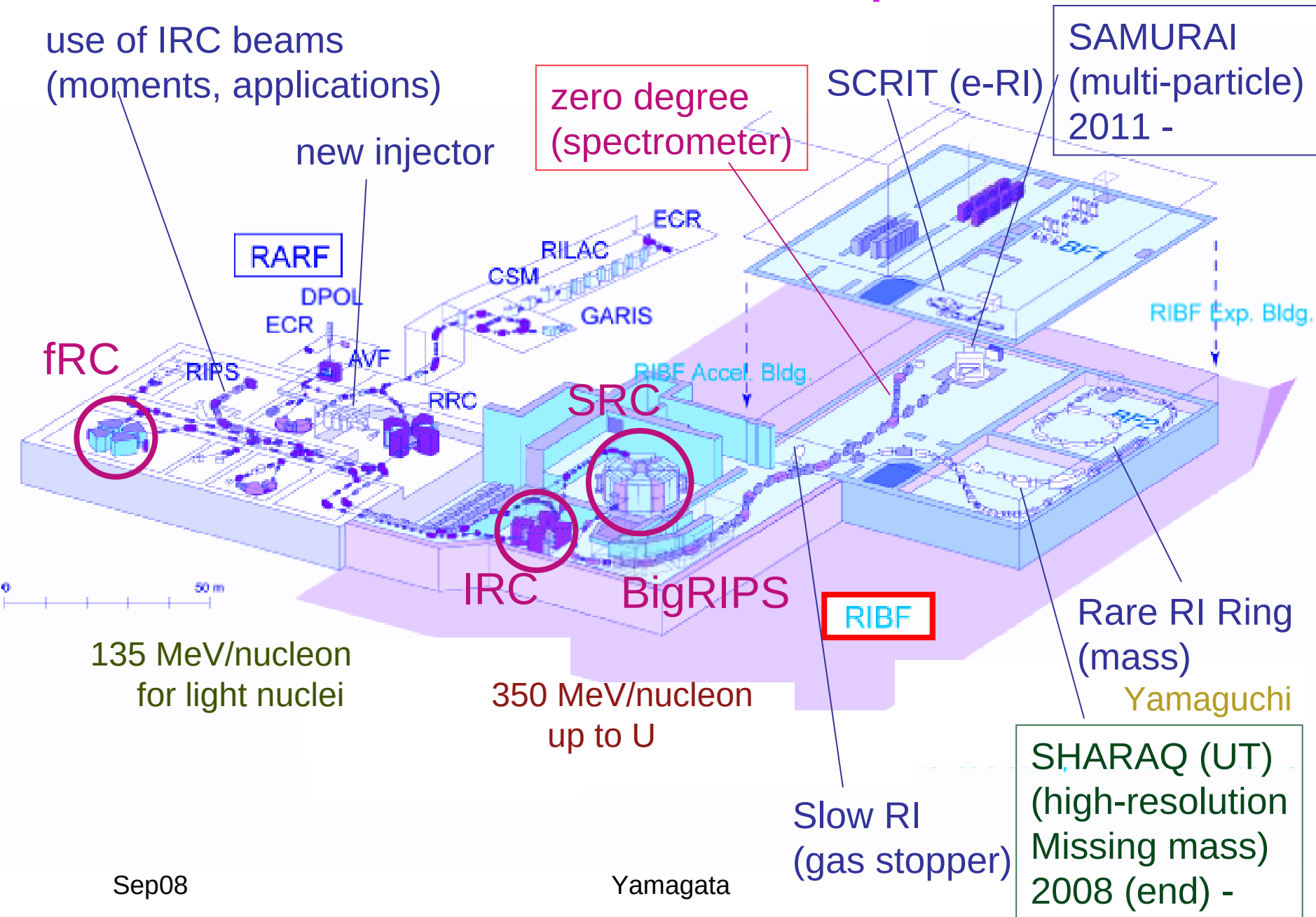
@RIBF

first series of experiments

beam developments

new equipment

RIBF current and future plans



SLOWRI

RIKEN (M. Wada)

Universal slow RI beam production
based on the rf ion guide method

No Chemical Processes in Production &
Separation

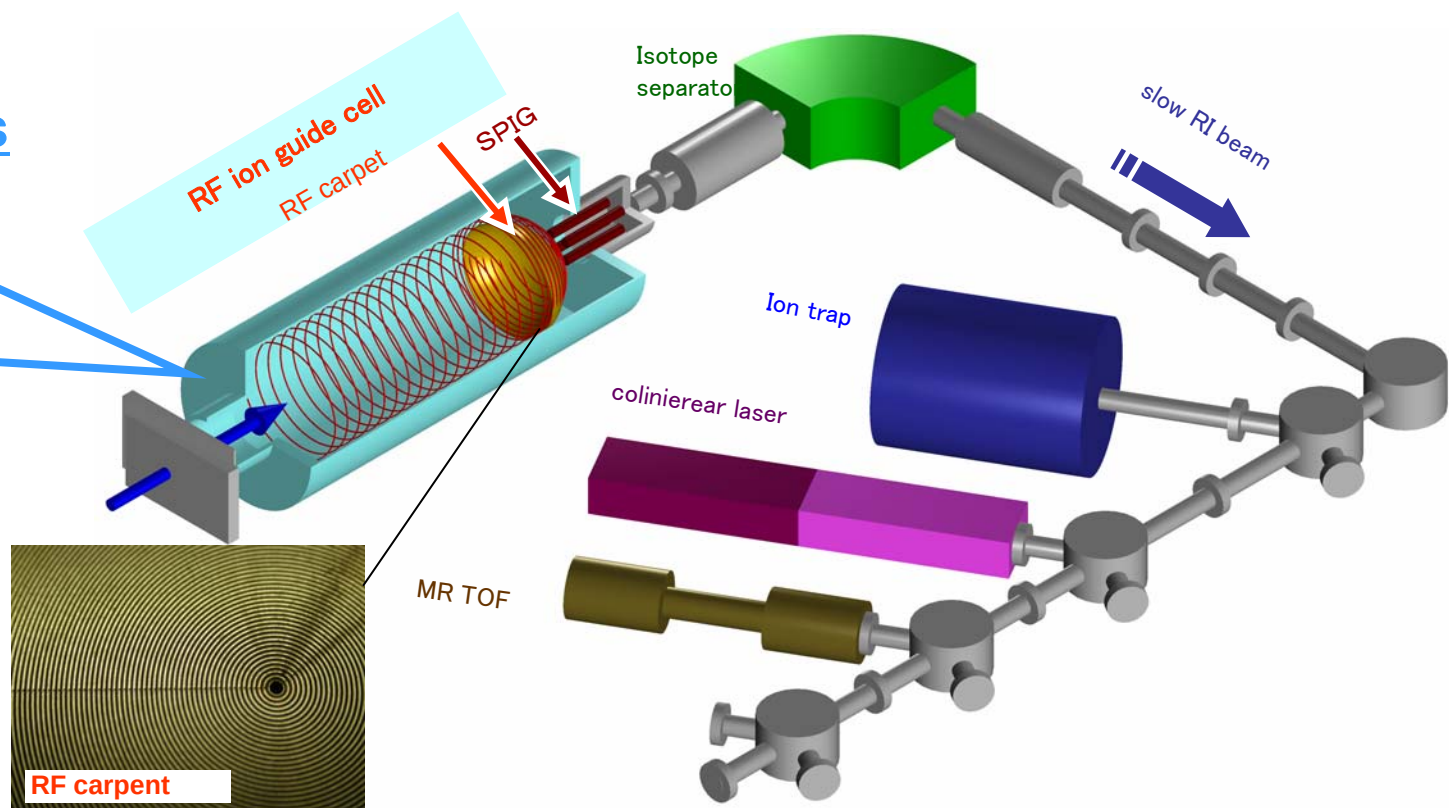
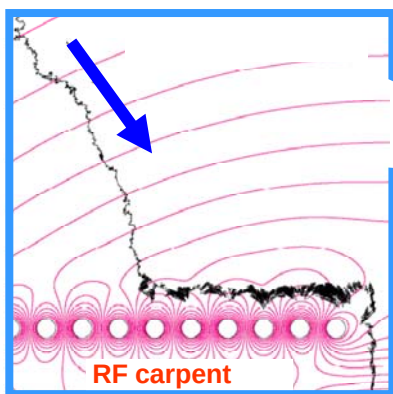
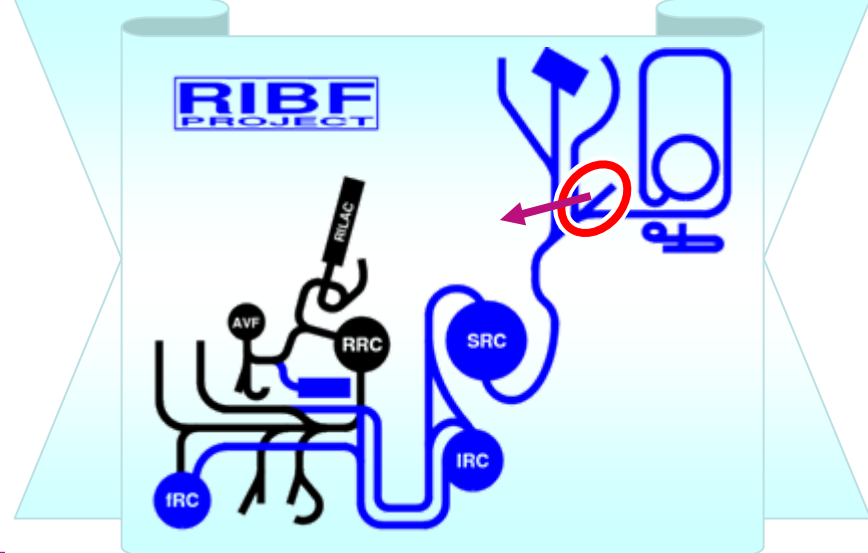
No Isobar No Isotone Contamination

$\Leftrightarrow$ ISOL

trap

laser

MRTOF mass



Sep08

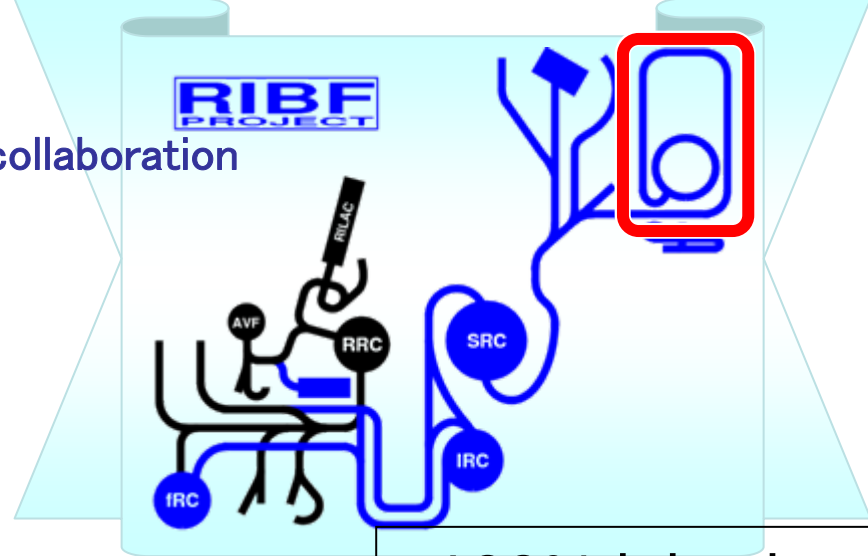
Rare RI ring

Tsukuba (Ozawa), ... – RIKEN collaboration

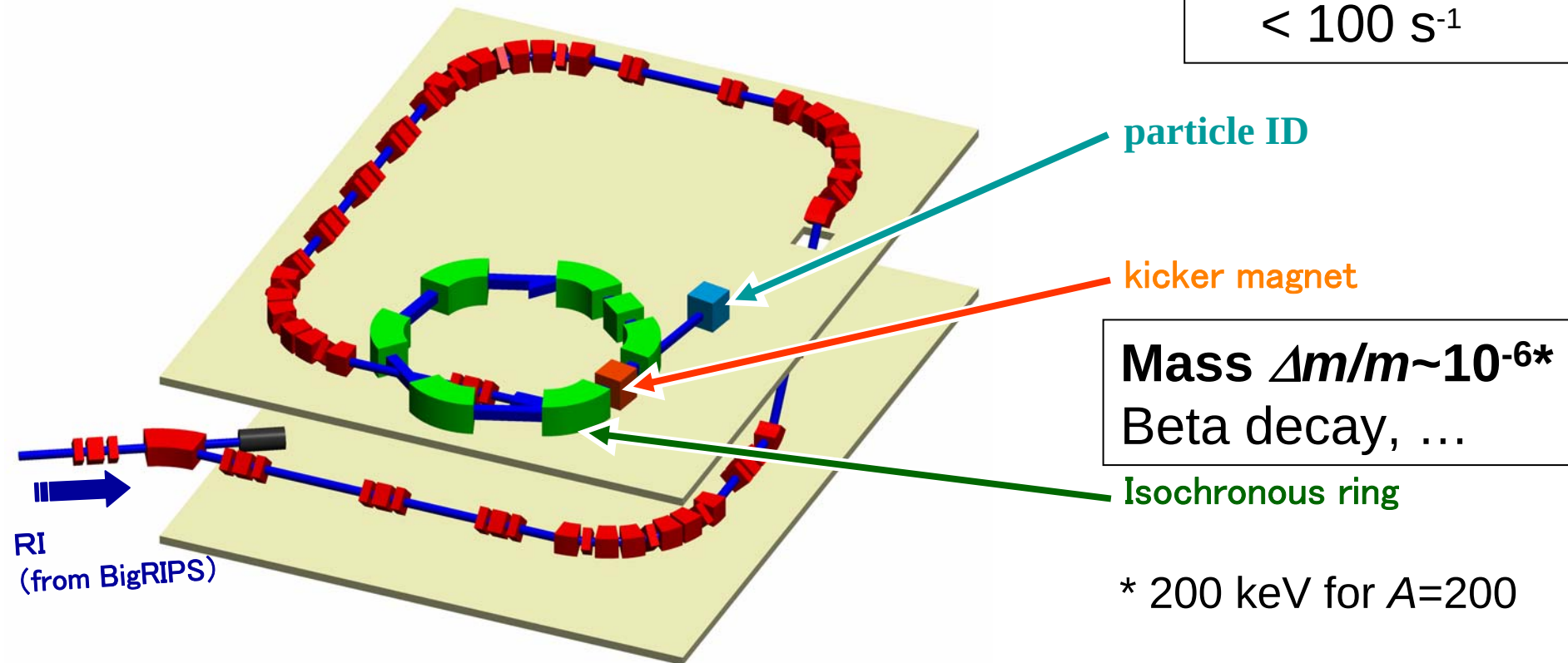
Yamaguchi

Isochronous ring
with individual injection

mass measurement for
short-lived rarely-produced
nuclei



~100% injection
< 100 s⁻¹

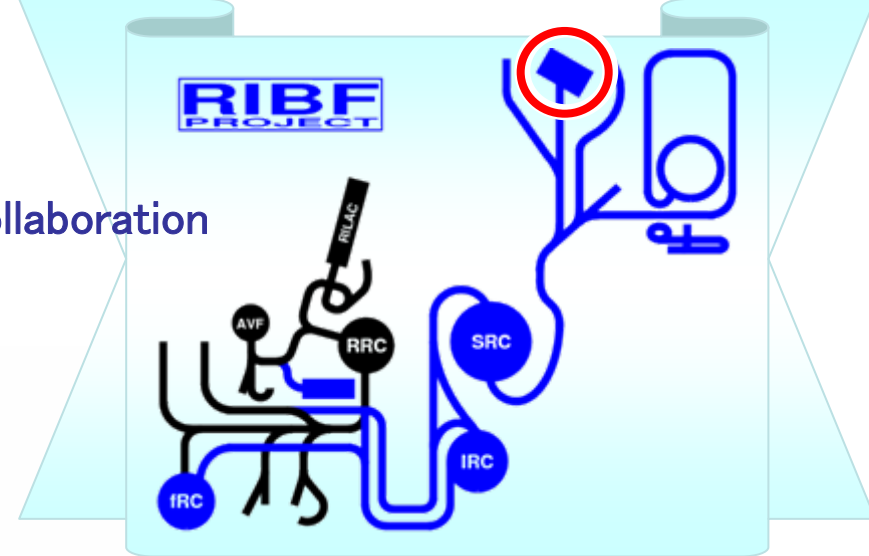
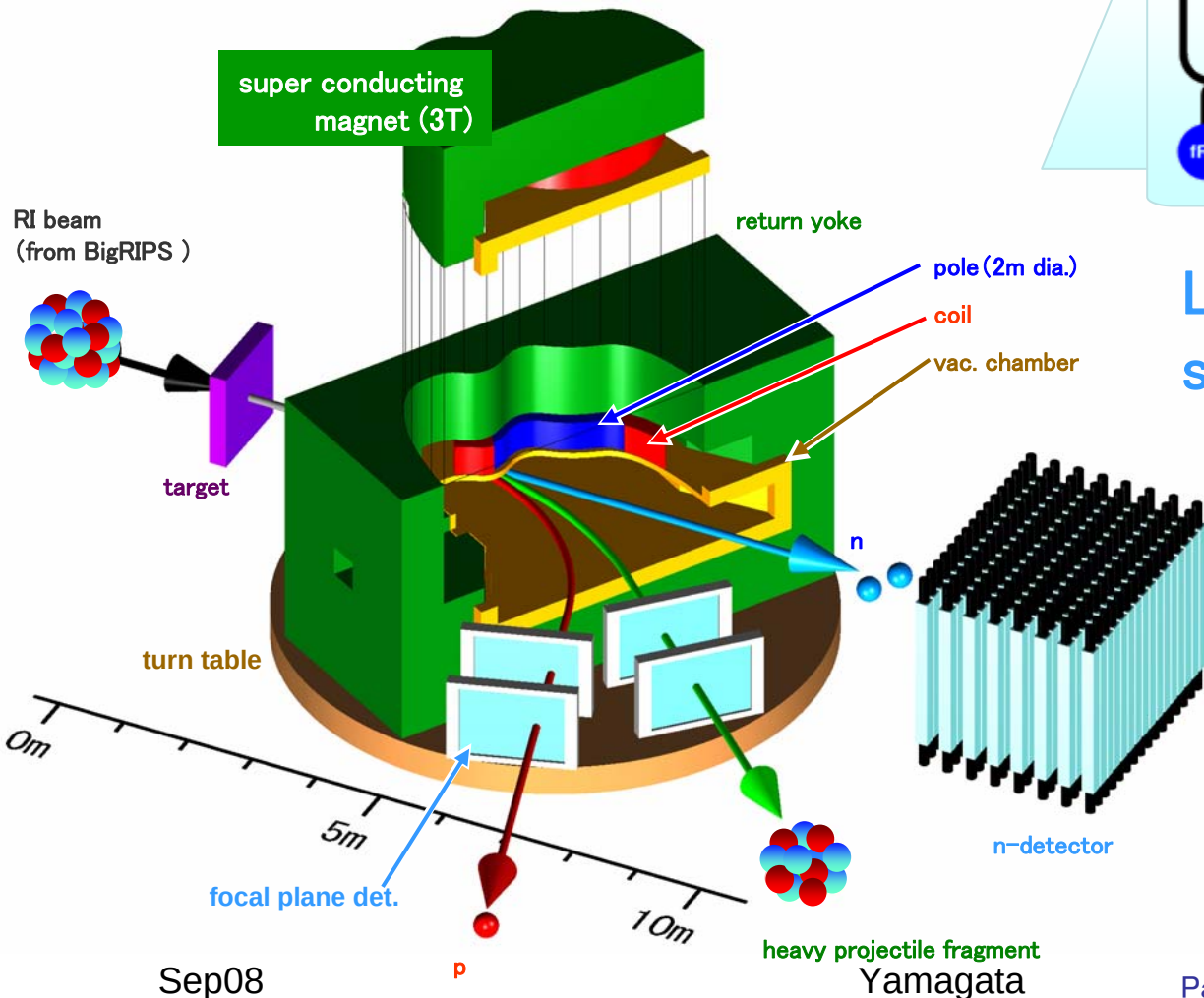


Mass $\Delta m/m \sim 10^{-6}*$
Beta decay, ...

* 200 keV for $A=200$

SAMURAI7

Tohoku (Kobayashi), TiTech, Kyoto, ... RIKEN collaboration
constructed in 2008-2011



Large solid-angle spectrometer

particle correlation
unbound states
(p,2p)
astroph. (p, γ), (n, γ)
nucl. matter

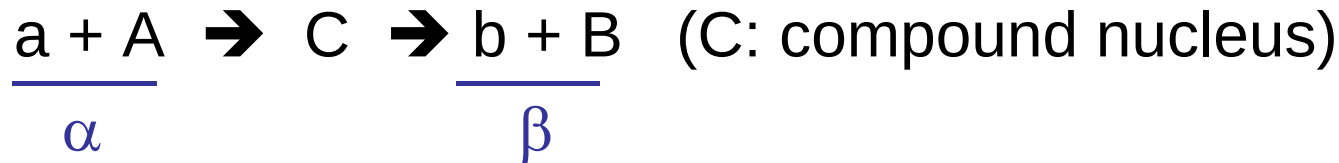
Sep08

SAMURAI7 (Superconducting Analyzer for Multi
Particles from Radioisotope Beams with 7 Tm)

☆ **Cross sections**
→ location of the path
Masses (A, Q_β)

しかし.....

Hauser Feshbach formula



$$\sigma^c(\alpha \rightarrow \beta) = \frac{(-1)^{I_A - s_\alpha - I_B + s_B}}{4(2s_a + 1)(2I_A + 1)k_a^2} \sum_{J, \Pi_j, L} \boxed{\tau(\alpha) \frac{\tau(\beta)}{\sum_\gamma \tau(\gamma)}} P_L(\cos \theta_b)$$

$$\tau(x) = \sum_{l,j} \Delta(l, x, \Pi_J) (2J + 1) Z(l, j, o, j; s, L) W(j, J, j, J; I, L) \boxed{T_{l,j}}$$

$$T_{l,j} = 1 - |S_{l,j}|^2$$

C formation

☆ **Cross sections**

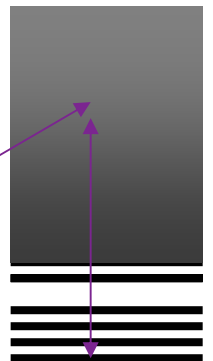
→ location of the path

Masses (A, Q_β)

resonant
(statistical)

T ← optical pot. / fusion (partial) σ
experimental challenge !?

c.f. isospin dependence in opt. pot. 8Goliery)



RIBF (new facility)

high-intensity (80 kW max.) fast H.I. beams (up to U)
wide range of RI beam production

first beam: Dec. 28, 2006, ^{27}Al , 345 MeV/nucleon

first result: ^{125}Pd , end of May 2007 w. 1/100,000 U-intensity

2008 beam development (intensity, specy, ..)
several PAC-approved experiments (^{48}Ca campaign)
ZeroDegree (with BigRIPS) in operation
SHARAQ (high resolution) comissioning
SAMURAI (large acceptance) construction (- 2011)
various experimental equipments are planned

Current intensity → extension of “standard” study
Experimental examination of nucl. phys. inputs to ..

PAC

NP-PAC (Nucl. Phys., with CNS): twice a year

4th: 20–21 Nov. 2008

internatinal users meeting: 22 Nov. 2008

Visit <http://www.nishina.riken.jp/UsersGuide/Nuc>

budget (5 months operation in FY 2008)



RIKEN
NiSHiNA
CENTER